

 Pr Kyleena®
LEVONORGESTREL-RELEASING INTRAUTERINE SYSTEM (19.5 MG)



.....

A GUIDE TO YOUR
**INTRAUTERINE
CONTRACEPTIVE**

.....

WHAT IS KYLEENA®?

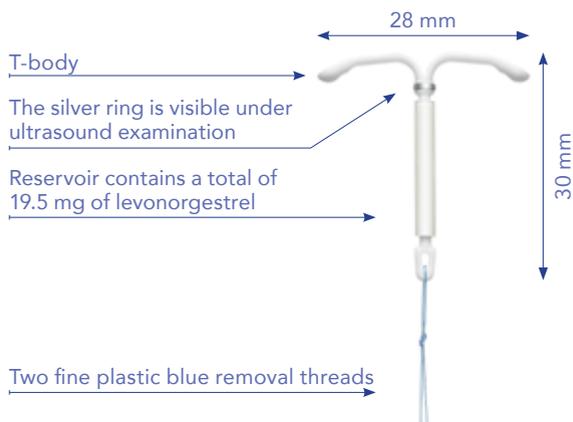
Kyleena® is an intrauterine system (IUS) used for the prevention of pregnancy for up to 5 years.

What does Kyleena® look like?

Kyleena® consists of a small, white, T-shaped body made from soft, flexible plastic.

The vertical and horizontal arms of the T-body are about 3 cm long. The vertical arm is surrounded by a narrow, cylindrical-shaped drug reservoir that contains levonorgestrel. Two fine blue plastic threads are attached to the tip of the vertical arm. These threads are used for removal of the system. The threads can also be used to check if Kyleena® is in place. In addition, the vertical stem contains a silver ring located close to the horizontal arms, which is visible under ultrasound. Kyleena® is packaged with the Evolserter® (which is used to insert Kyleena®).

Kyleena® - Actual Size

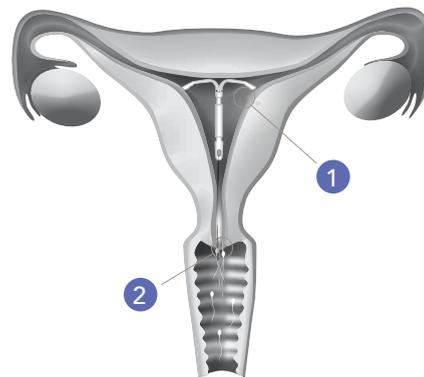


Important aspects of Kyleena®:

- Releases a low amount of a hormone called levonorgestrel directly into the uterus every day (Kyleena® contains 19.5 mg of levonorgestrel)
- Does not contain any estrogen

How does Kyleena® work?

Kyleena® may work to prevent pregnancy in several ways: reducing the monthly thickening of the lining of the uterus ①, thickening the mucus in the cervix (this makes it harder for sperm to pass through the cervix) ②, and impairing sperm movement and function. These actions together prevent the sperm and egg from coming into contact and work together to prevent pregnancy.



How effective is Kyleena®?

Clinical trials found that there was less than 1 pregnancy per year for every 100 women using Kyleena®.

TYPICAL PREGNANCY RATES for different methods of birth control, and pregnancy rate when no birth control is used

Product	Reported pregnancies per 100 women within the first year of use
Hormonal intrauterine system (IUS)	Less than 1
Copper intrauterine device (IUD)	Less than 1
Progesterone injection	6
Combined hormonal contraceptive (pill, patch or ring)	9
Diaphragm	12
Male condom	18
Female condom	21
Sponge, spermicide	12-28
Withdrawal method	22
Natural family planning	24
No birth control	85

PLACEMENT

Some important information you should know about starting with Kyleena®.



When should Kyleena® be placed?

Kyleena® should be placed within seven days of starting your period. It is best to wait 24-48 hours before having intercourse in case of discomfort. In this case, no backup birth control is needed. If it is certain that you are not pregnant, Kyleena® may also be placed at any other time during your cycle.

Tell your healthcare professional if you have had unprotected sex since your last period. If Kyleena® is placed more than 7 days since your period started, use a condom or diaphragm, or do not have sex for the next 7 days. Kyleena® cannot be used as emergency birth control.

- When replacing an existing system for a new one, it is not necessary to wait for your period.
- Following childbirth, Kyleena® should be placed only after the uterus has returned to its normal size, and not earlier than six weeks after delivery.
- Kyleena® can be placed immediately after a first trimester abortion. If an abortion takes place in the second trimester, placement of Kyleena® should be delayed for 6 weeks or until the uterus has returned to normal size.

How is Kyleena® placed?

- After a pelvic examination, your healthcare professional will place a thin flexible plastic tube containing Kyleena® into your uterus. At this point you may feel some discomfort.
- Once Kyleena® is in the correct position, your healthcare professional will withdraw the tube, leaving the system in place in the uterus.
- Finally, your healthcare professional will trim the removal threads to a suitable length.

Some women may feel dizzy after Kyleena® is placed. This feeling goes away after a short rest. The placement may cause a seizure in patients who have epilepsy. You may also experience some bleeding during or just after placement. After placement you may feel some cramp-like menstrual pain; however, this usually stops within a few days.

It is not likely, but Kyleena® may go through the wall of the uterus during placement and come to rest outside the uterus. If this happens Kyleena® must be removed.

How long does placement take?

The placement procedure usually takes a few minutes after your healthcare professional has completed the pelvic examination.

How quickly does Kyleena® start to work?

Kyleena® starts to work right away if it is placed within 7 days of the start of your period. It is best to wait 24-48 hours before having intercourse in case of discomfort.

If Kyleena® is placed more than 7 days after the start of your period, use a condom or diaphragm for the next 7 days. Alternatively, do not have sex for the next 7 days.

What is the risk of uterine perforation?

Most often during placement, Kyleena® may become attached to (embedded) or go through the wall of the uterus, but this is uncommon. This is called perforation. If this happens, Kyleena® must be removed. The risk of perforation is increased in breastfeeding women, and in women who have placement up to 36 weeks after delivery, and may be increased in women with a misshaped uterus or a uterus that is fixed and leans backwards (fixed retroverted uterus).

Is there a risk of infection with Kyleena®?

Hormonal contraceptives including Kyleena® DO NOT PROTECT against Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) including HIV/AIDS. To protect yourself against STIs you can use condoms with Kyleena®.

In the first 3 weeks after placement of an IUS/IUD, there is an increased risk of a serious pelvic infection called pelvic inflammatory disease (PID). Other known risk factors for PID are having multiple sexual partners, frequent intercourse, sexually transmitted infections (STIs) and young age.

PID can cause serious problems such as difficulty getting pregnant, development of a pregnancy outside the uterus (ectopic pregnancy), or pelvic pain that does not go away. PID is usually treated with antibiotics. More serious cases of PID may require surgery.

Tell your healthcare professional right away if you have signs of PID. These can include long-lasting or heavy bleeding, unusual vaginal discharge, pain in your lower stomach area, painful sex, chills or fever.

Is there a risk of ectopic pregnancy with Kyleena®?

While using Kyleena®, the risk of pregnancy is low. However, if you get pregnant while using Kyleena®, it is more likely that the pregnancy will be ectopic. This means that the pregnancy is not in the uterus. Ectopic pregnancy is a serious condition. Tell your healthcare professional immediately if you have lower abdominal pain, especially if you have missed a period and/or have unexpected bleeding. These can be signs of an ectopic pregnancy.

YOUR FIRST FEW DAYS AND MONTHS WITH KYLEENA®

.....

Here are some additional things you should know as you continue with Kyleena®.

How will Kyleena® affect my periods?

Kyleena® may affect your menstrual cycle. For the first 3 to 6 months, your period may become irregular and the number of bleeding days may increase. You may also have frequent spotting or light vaginal bleeding. Some women have heavy or prolonged bleeding during this time. Contact your healthcare professional if this persists.

Overall, you are likely to have a gradual reduction in the amount and number of days of bleeding each month. Some women eventually find that periods stop altogether.

When Kyleena® is removed, periods soon return to normal.

What if I stop having periods?

Over time, your menstrual period may gradually disappear when using Kyleena®. This is because of the effect of the hormone on the lining of the uterus. The normal monthly thickening of the uterine lining with blood does not happen; therefore, there is little or no bleeding, as happens during a usual menstrual period. It does not necessarily mean you have reached menopause or are pregnant.

If, however, you are having regular menstrual periods and then do not have one for 6 weeks or longer, it is possible that you may be pregnant. You should speak to your healthcare professional.

Can Kyleena® fall out?

Although unlikely, Kyleena® may fall out on its own. This is called expulsion. If this happens, you are not protected against pregnancy. An unusual increase in the amount of bleeding during your period might be a sign that this has happened. If you think Kyleena® has fallen out, use a non-hormonal method of birth control and talk to your healthcare professional.

How can I check that Kyleena® is in place?

After each menstrual period or about once a month, you should check by feeling if the threads are still in place. Your healthcare professional will show you how to do this. Do not pull on the threads, as you may accidentally pull Kyleena® out.

If you cannot feel the threads, this may indicate that Kyleena® has fallen out or uterine perforation has occurred. See your healthcare professional and in the meantime, use another method of non-hormonal contraception. You should also see your healthcare professional if you can feel the lower end of Kyleena® itself.

How often should I have Kyleena® checked?

You should have your Kyleena® checked about 4 to 12 weeks after placement, again at 12 months and then once a year until it is removed. Kyleena® can stay in place for up to 5 years before it must be removed. You should receive a Patient Reminder Card from your healthcare professional after the placement of Kyleena®. Keep this card until Kyleena® is removed and bring it with you to every medical appointment.

Will Kyleena® interfere with sexual intercourse?



During sexual intercourse, you or your partner should not be able to feel Kyleena®.

If you can feel Kyleena®, or if you feel any pain or discomfort, then you should not have sexual intercourse until you see your healthcare professional to verify it is still in the correct position. The removal threads may be felt by your partner during intercourse.



SAFE SEX: Does Kyleena® protect against sexually transmitted infections (STIs)?

Hormonal contraceptives including Kyleena® DO NOT PROTECT against Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) including HIV/AIDS.

To protect yourself against STIs you can use condoms with Kyleena®.

WHAT ARE THE SIDE EFFECTS OF KYLEENA®?

The following is a list of possible side effects by how common they are. Very common side effects (occurring in more than 1 in every 10 women) include acne/oily skin. Common side effects (may affect up to 1 in 10 women) include nausea, hair loss, infection of the ovaries, fallopian tubes or uterus, painful menstruation, breast pain/discomfort and discharge from the vagina. Uncommon (may affect up to 1 in 100 women) events include excessive hair on the face, chest, stomach or legs. Few women using Kyleena® after delivery have reported less milk production.

If you have a troublesome symptom or side effect that is not listed here or becomes bad enough to interfere with your daily activities, talk to your healthcare professional.

YOUR NEXT FEW YEARS WITH KYLEENA®



What if I decide to have a baby?

Your usual level of fertility should return after the system is removed.

If you wish to become pregnant, ask your healthcare professional to remove Kyleena®.

How is Kyleena® removed? How do I continue with Kyleena® after 5 years?

Kyleena® should be removed no later than the end of the fifth year of use. You should see your healthcare professional when you want to have Kyleena® taken out.

Removal of Kyleena® is usually very easy.

Kyleena® may break, most often during a difficult removal. Broken pieces must be found and removed. Surgery may be needed to do this.

You could become pregnant as soon as Kyleena® is removed, so you should use another method of birth control if you do not want to become pregnant. Talk to your healthcare professional about the best birth control methods for you, because your new method may need to be started 7 days before Kyleena® is removed to prevent pregnancy.



If you wish to continue using Kyleena® after 5 years, your healthcare professional can remove Kyleena® and insert a new one immediately.

If the same Kyleena® system has been left in place for longer than 5 years, you may become pregnant. Pregnancy should be ruled out before placement of a new system.

Kyleena® menstrual diary

Use the Kyleena® menstrual diary to keep track of any spotting or bleeding which may occur in the next few months.*

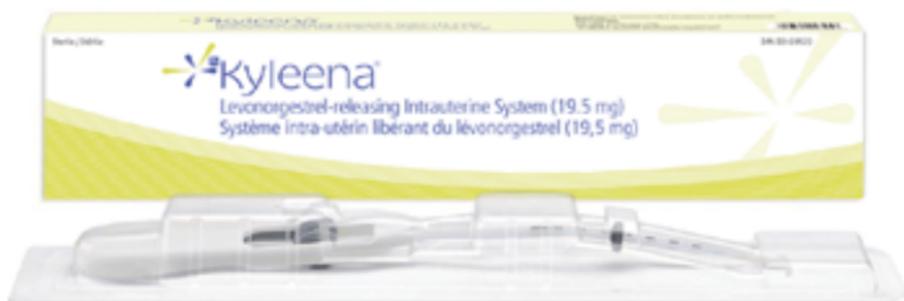
Day	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31
Month 1																															
Month 2																															
Month 3																															
Month 4																															
Month 5																															
Month 6																															

Patient instructions

Record your menstrual blood flow or any bleeding that occurs between periods by marking in the appropriate square (day) of the calendar, using the following guide:

■ Heavy Flow – Fill in the box	● Spotting – Mark a dot
X Normal Flow – Mark an X	No Bleeding – Leave blank

*You should have a check-up about 4 to 12 weeks after Kyleena® is placed, again at 12 months and then once a year until it is removed.



The box holds more than just Kyleena®

It also includes the insertion device. Ask your healthcare professional to show it to you.



For more information about Kyleena®, visit kyleena.ca (for full access, enter the Drug Identification Number [DIN] 02459523 when requested) or scan the QR code to be taken to www.kyleena.ca.

Kyleena® may be reimbursed. Patients should contact their insurance provider for more information.

Serious Warnings and Precautions

- Hormonal contraceptives including Kyleena® **DO NOT PROTECT** against Sexually Transmitted Infections (STIs) including HIV/AIDS. To protect yourself against STIs you can use condoms with Kyleena®.
- Cigarette smoking increases the risk of serious side effects on the heart and blood vessels. You should talk to your healthcare professional about the risks of smoking.
- Kyleena® may become attached to (embedded) or go through the wall of the uterus. This is called perforation. If you experience severe abdominal or pelvic pain with or without vaginal bleeding contact your healthcare professional immediately.

Please refer to the Kyleena® patient information leaflet for full indications, contraindications, warnings, precautions, side effects and patient selection criteria.

© TM see www.bayer.ca/tm-mc

©2019, Bayer Inc.

PP-KYL-CA-0035-1

KYL016E

